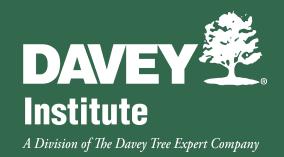


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Black Olive Staining Management City of Coral Gables

Presented By: Manny Nassar The Davey Institute



OBJECTIVES

- Provide a visual inspection for hard surface staining from Black Olive trees.
- Review a sample size area to represent completed work as a whole.
- Present rating criteria of staining based on severity.
- Examine results from rating to determine success of treatment.



INTRODUCTION

• The Black Olive tree,

Bucida buceras is a

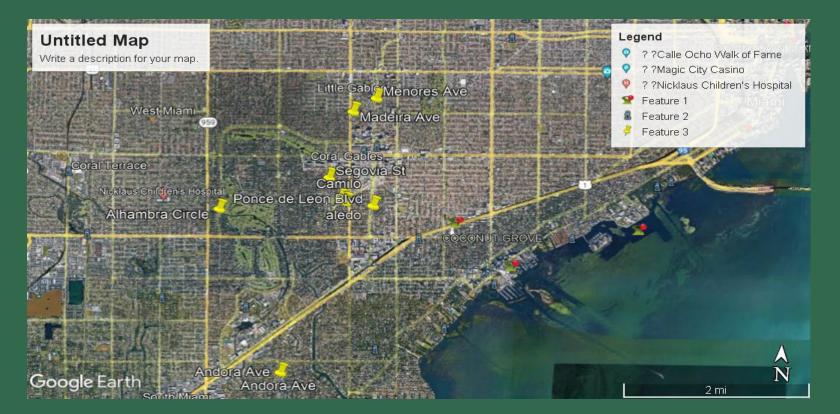
prevalent shade tree found
in residential landscapes
and along municipal streets
in southern Florida.





INTRODUCTION

 Coral Gables is home to more than 9,600 of these trees, which comprise up to 25% of the urban forest.





BLACK OLIVE PESTS

- There are two arthropod pests which primarily attack this species.
 - Bucida caterpillar, Garella (Characoma) nilotica
 - An eriophyid mite Eriophyes buceras



BUCIDA CATERPILLAR

- The larvae feed on leaves and flowers
- Also known as Bungee caterpillar due to their habit of dispersing on silken threads.
- At least two generations per season



Image courtesy of en.wikipedia.org



Image courtesy of entnemdept.ufl.edu



ERIOPHYID MITE

- Microscopic mites that often go undetected to the naked eye.
- Unlike most adult mites that have four pairs of legs, this mite only has two pairs.
- Life cycle development goes through four states; egg, first nymph, second nymph, and adult.



Image courtesy of extension.umd.edu



BUCIDA CATERPILLAR

- Can sporadically defoliate Black Olive trees, especially the smaller leafed cultivar 'Shady Lady'.
- Caterpillar feeding produces frass that causes rust-colored staining of sidewalks, streets, and objects under canopy.
- They also create a nuisance by swinging down on silken threads.





ERIOPHYES BUCERAS

- Feeding by mites results in slim enlargements of the fruiting structure (flower ovary).
- These enlargements are 5-8 inches long galls that resemble green beans.
- When the galls become moist, they release an oily, rust-colored staining substance.





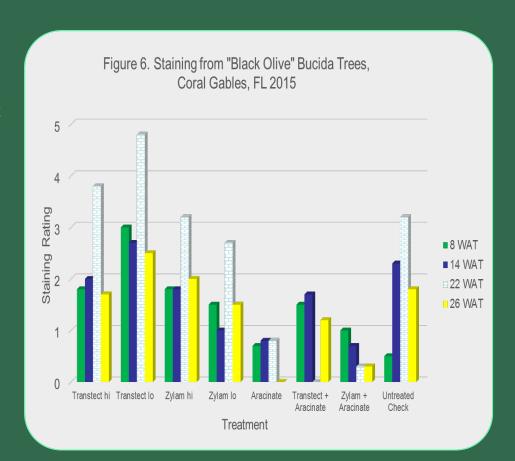
INITIAL VISUAL INSPECTION

 Image taken in 2015 when Davey Tree began a study on controlling staining issue at the request of City of Coral Gables



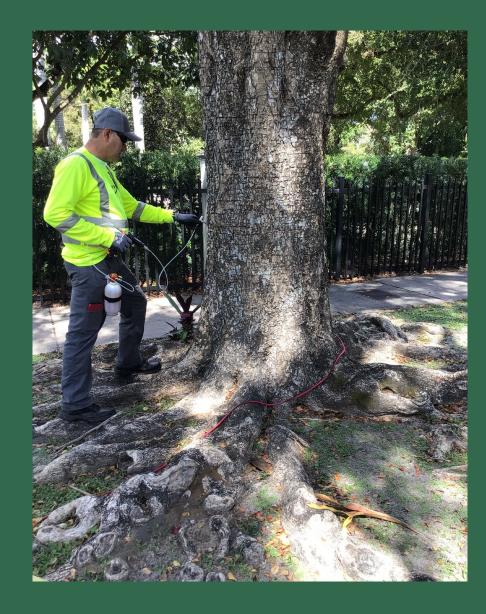


- Field studies were conducted over a 4-yr period to evaluate the effectiveness of selected systemic insecticides.
- These studies were targeted to minimize staining associated with this caterpillar and mite.





- Several products were tested for controlling the mites and reducing staining.
- Products applied through trunk injection methods.
 - Improve delivery
 - Reduce spray drift
 - Minimize adverse environmental impacts

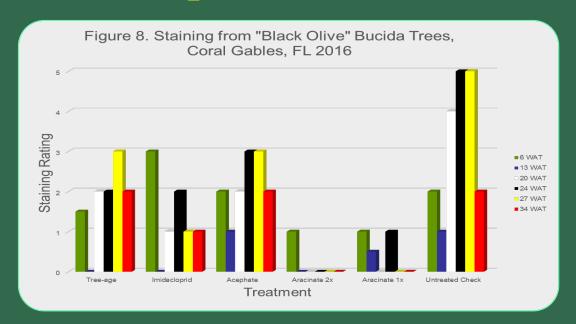




In 2015 all products containing the active ingredient abamectin provided good staining reduction.

 In 2016, all product combinations containing the active ingredient abamectin provided excellent reduction in

staining.





Institute

- Visual evaluations of streets and sidewalks around treated trees was conducted in 2017 and 2018.
- The treatment with aracinate provided a 99% success rate with less than 1% of trees associated with staining.
- The 1% displayed bark and cambium damage which may have interfered with product uptake and translocation into canopy.





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 All treatments were applied in March and evaluations conducted in June and in September.



Treated trees



Untreated trees



FIELD STUDIES CONCLUSION

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- Trunk injection with abamectin reduces homeowner complaints associated with Black olive tree staining.
- Trunk injections with a product containing the active ingredient abamectin may be conducted annually or every 2 years.
- This will preserve a valuable species and protect the diversity of the urban forest in the city of Coral Gables.

These studies were published in the journal Florida Entomologist http://www.bioone.org/doi/full/10.1653/024.100.0318



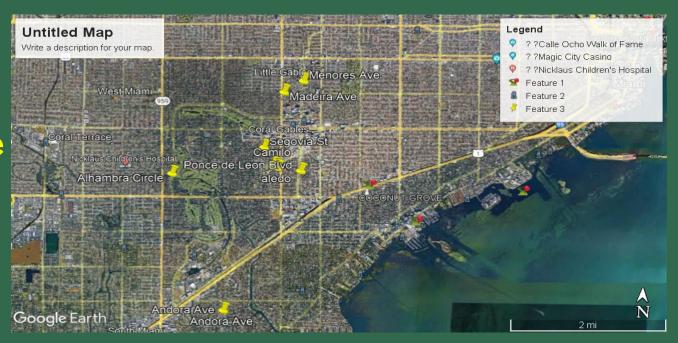
INJECTION SERVICES

- Davey Tree was awarded the tree injection contract for 2,000 Black Olive trees within the city of Coral Gables in 2018.
- Black Olive trees to be injected are chosen by the city of Coral Gables.
- Criteria for those chosen to be included are based on severity of staining.



STAINING EVALUATIONS

- Visual inspections are completed mid to late summer.
- Objectives of the evaluations are to determine level of staining in a sample size of 15% of the total amount of trees treated.
- Yellow pushpins on map indicate streets where staining inspections were completed. This sample size changes each year.





- Staining of sidewalks, driveways and roads are rated on a scale from 0 to 5.
- 0 = no staining, 1 = very light staining, 2 = light staining, 3 = moderate staining, 4 = heavy staining, 5 = severe and objectionable.





0 = No staining



1 = Very little staining Spots seen in image are mainly from fallen leaves





2 = Light staining



3 = Moderate staining





4 = Heavy staining



5 = Severe and Objectionable staining



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3 = Moderate staining may occur when the root system of tree is compromised either by girdling roots or severe soil compaction which limit uptake of product.



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4 = Heavy staining may occur when a portion of the main trunk is compromised and response growth is poor causing decay. This severely limits uptake of injected product.



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Hypoxylon Canker



Severe girdling root



Areas of decay or cavities

5 = Severe and objectionable staining usually occurs when both the main trunk and roots are compromised. This either greatly limits or stops the uptake of abamectin altogether.



REPORTS

- Once the sample size has been inspected and rating is complete a report is compiled to summarize findings.
- Summary details street names where Black Olive staining was inspected along with the total number of trees inspected.



CONCLUSION

- In all of the post treatment evaluations conducted it has been concluded that majority of Black Olive trees treated with abamectin show a 0 - 2 stain rating where trees are in good to average condition.
- Black Olive trees with health concerns as discussed in this presentation generally show on average a 3 – 4 stain rating.
- When staining reaches a severe and objectionable grade it usually indicates severe health issues with tree.



CONCLUSION SUMMARY

- The Davey Tree Expert Company has provided tree injection services for Black Olive trees to the City of Coral Gables based off scientific studies.
- All follow up inspections for spring injection treatments are completed in late summer (mid-late August).
- Inspections are completed on a random sample size of approximately 15% of the total trees injected.



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